



# Generalized pairwise comparison methods to analyze (non)-hierarchical composite endpoints



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# Overview

- Introduction to non-parametric generalized pairwise comparison analysis
- Description of four generalized pairwise comparison methods
- Application to simulations of TAVR UNLOAD study



# Introduction to non-parametric generalized pairwise comparison analysis



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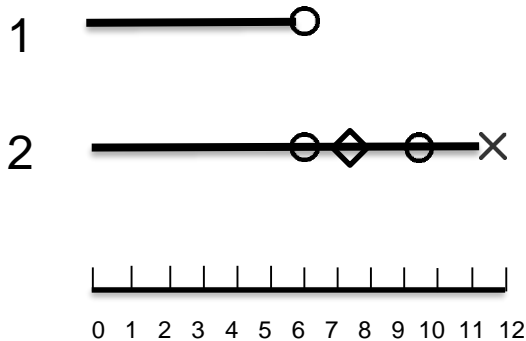
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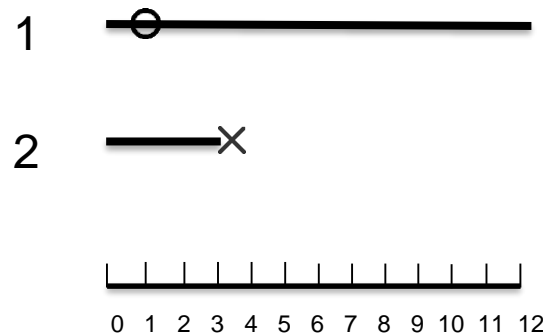
# Issues classical composite endpoint analysis

- Time to first event analysis (Logrank or Cox proportional hazard)

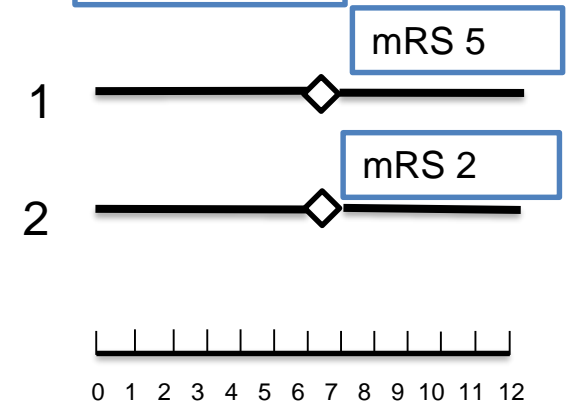
Example 1



Example 2



Example 3



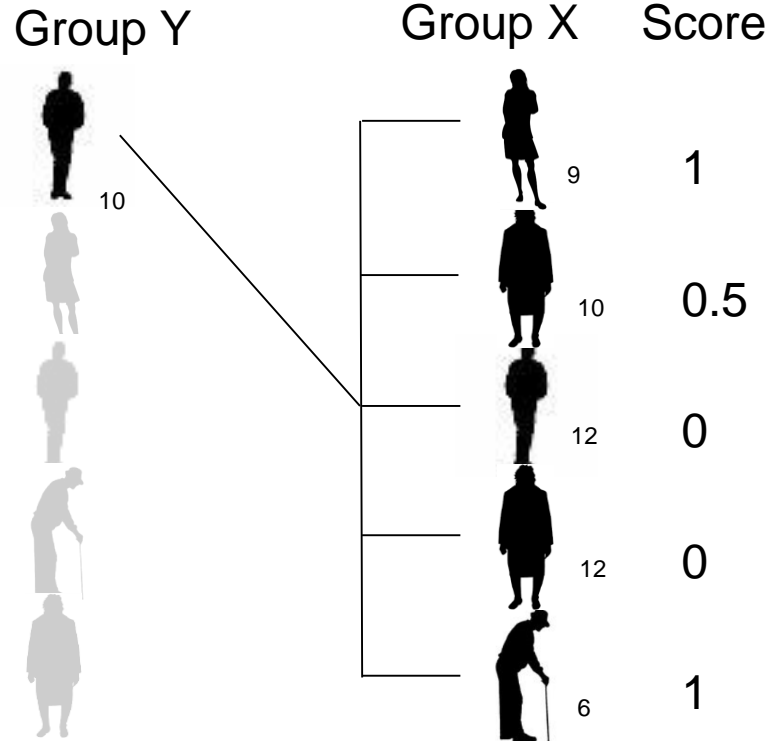
X = death;  $\diamond$  = stroke ;  $\circ$  = hospitalization



# Simplest pairwise comparison method

- Mann-Whitney U test

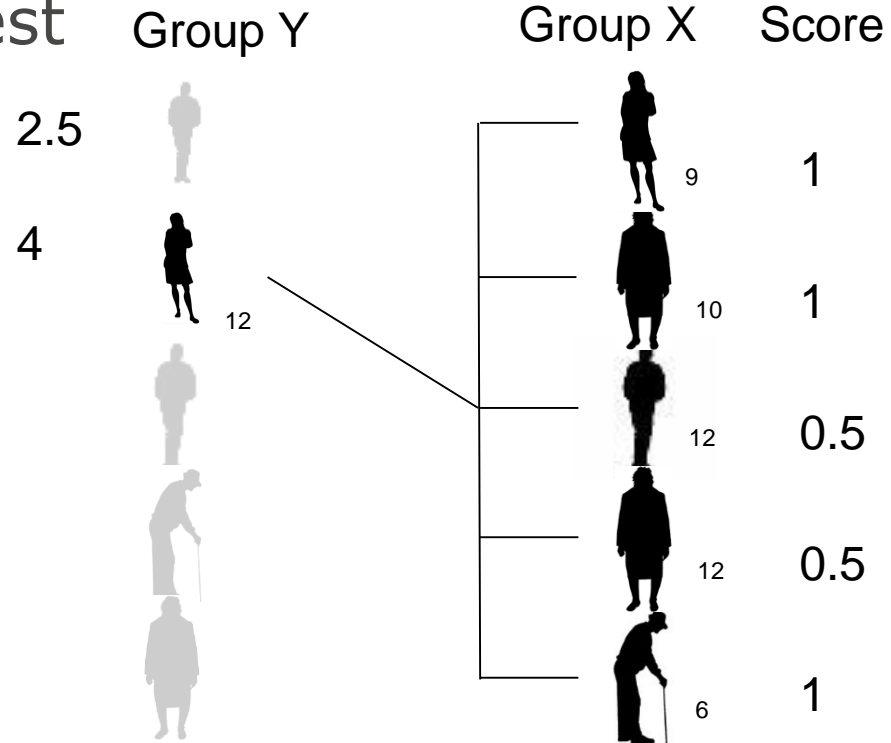
**Scoring**  
**1 if Y wins**  
**0 if X wins**  
**0.5 if tie**



# Simplest pairwise comparison method

- Mann-Whitney U test

**Scoring**  
**1 if Y wins**  
**0 if X wins**  
**0.5 if tie**



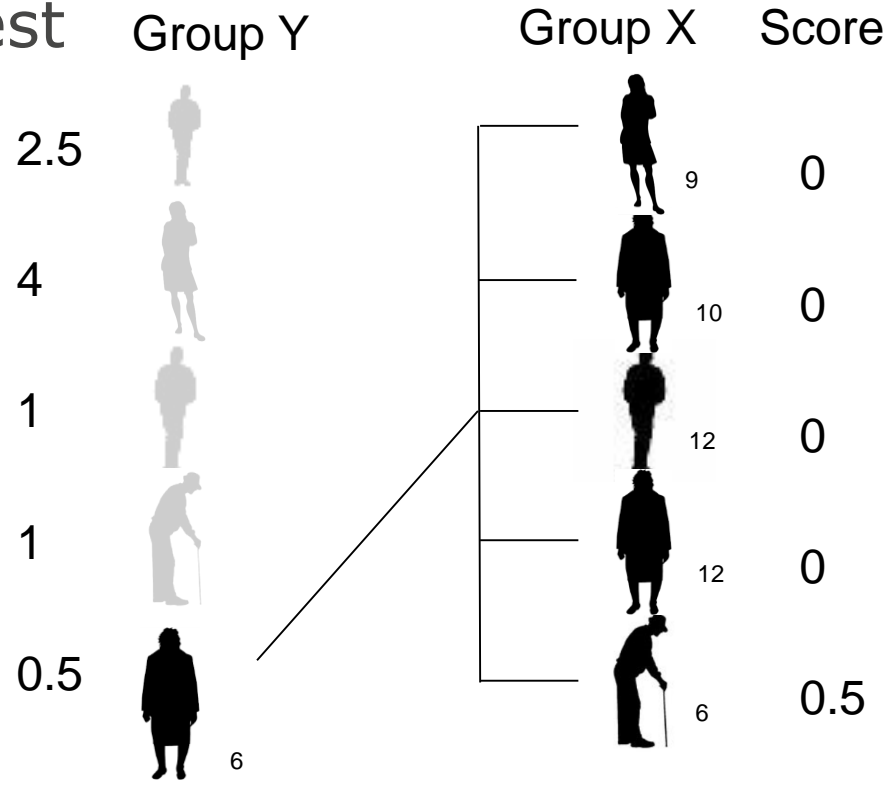
Summed score: 4



# Simplest pairwise comparison method

- Mann-Whitney U test

**Scoring**  
 1 if Y wins  
 0 if X wins  
 0.5 if tie



Statistic  $U_{XY}$ : 9.5



# Gehan generalization to **censored data**

## ■ Score Gehan Test

### Scoring

1 if  $X_i$  wins

-1 if  $X_i$  loses

0 if tie

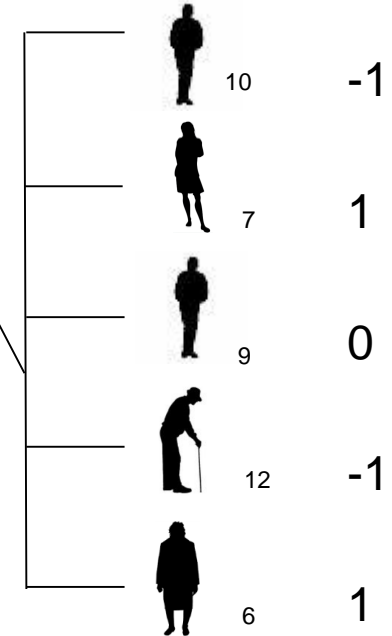
Repeat and sum only for Group X

Group X



Group Y

Score



Summed  
score: 0





# Gehan generalization to censored data

## Score Gehan Test

### Scoring

1 if  $X_i$  wins

0 else

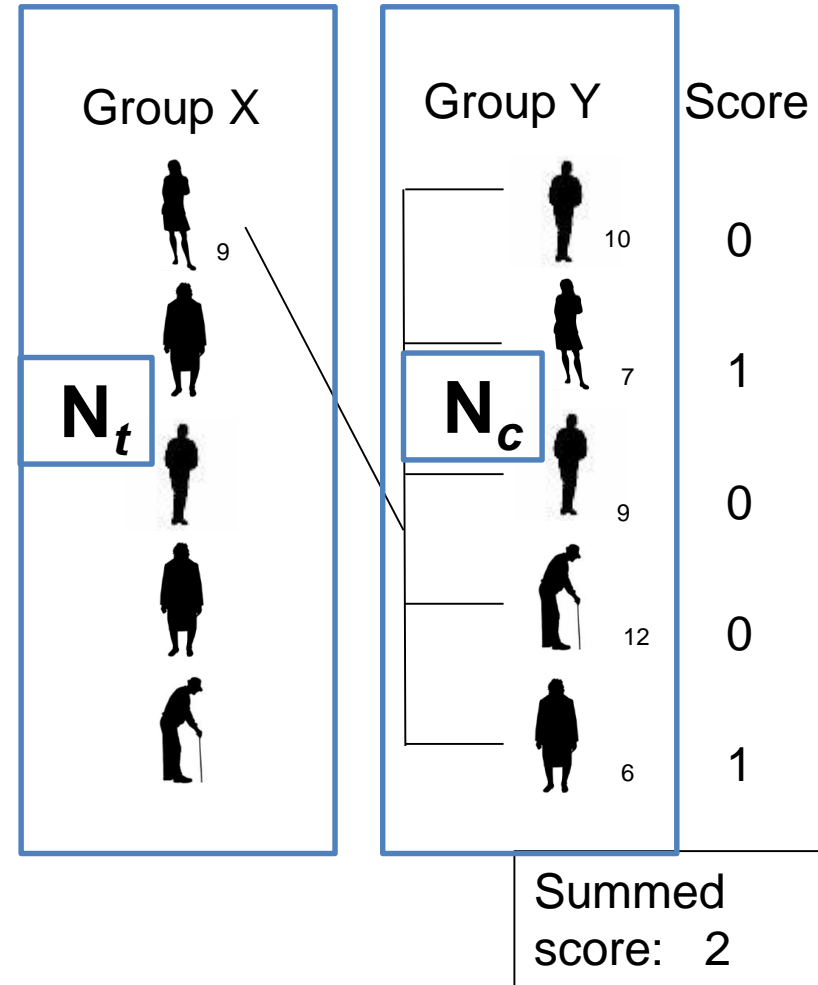
### Scoring

1 if  $Y_i$  wins

0 else

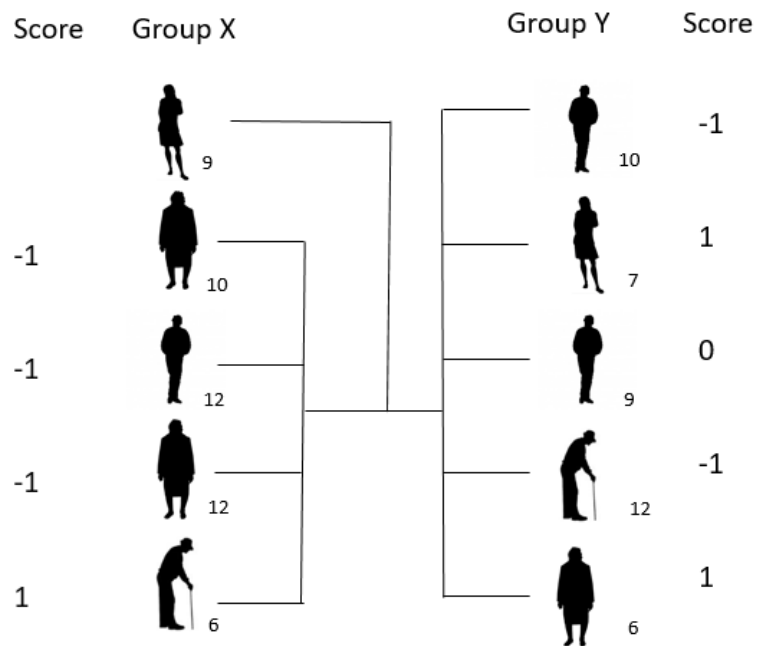
Repeat for Group X and Group Y  
and subtract

Win difference:  $N_t - N_c$



# Generalization to censored data

- Score Gehan Test - **Variance**



**Permutation distribution**  
**Asymptotically Normal**  
**distributed**



# Description of four Generalized Pairwise Comparison methods



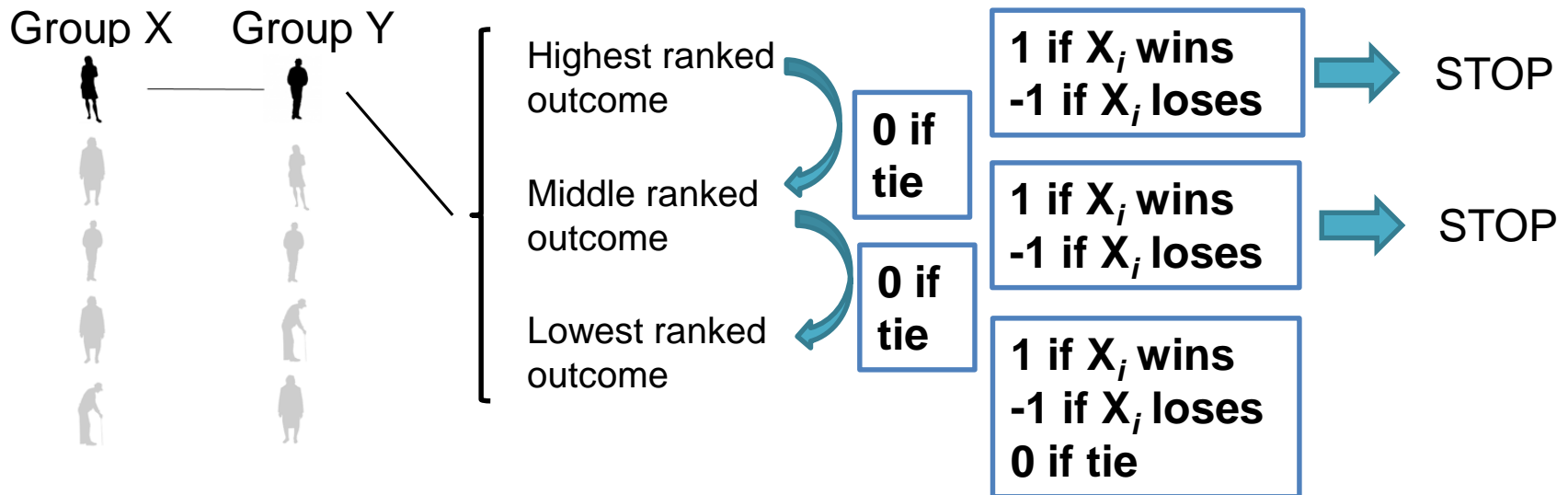
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# Generalization to **composite endpoints**

1. The **Finkelstein-Schoenfeld test** is a generalization of the **Score Gehan test** for multiple outcomes



# Generalization to composite endpoints

## 2. The **Buyse test**

$$\text{Net benefit : } \frac{N_t - N_c}{nm}$$

**U-statistic**  
**Asymptotically**  
**Normal distributed**

Adapted, since originally defined as a randomization test



# Gehan generalization to censored data

## 3. The **Unmatched Pocock test**

### Scoring

1 if  $X_i$  wins

0 if tie

### Scoring

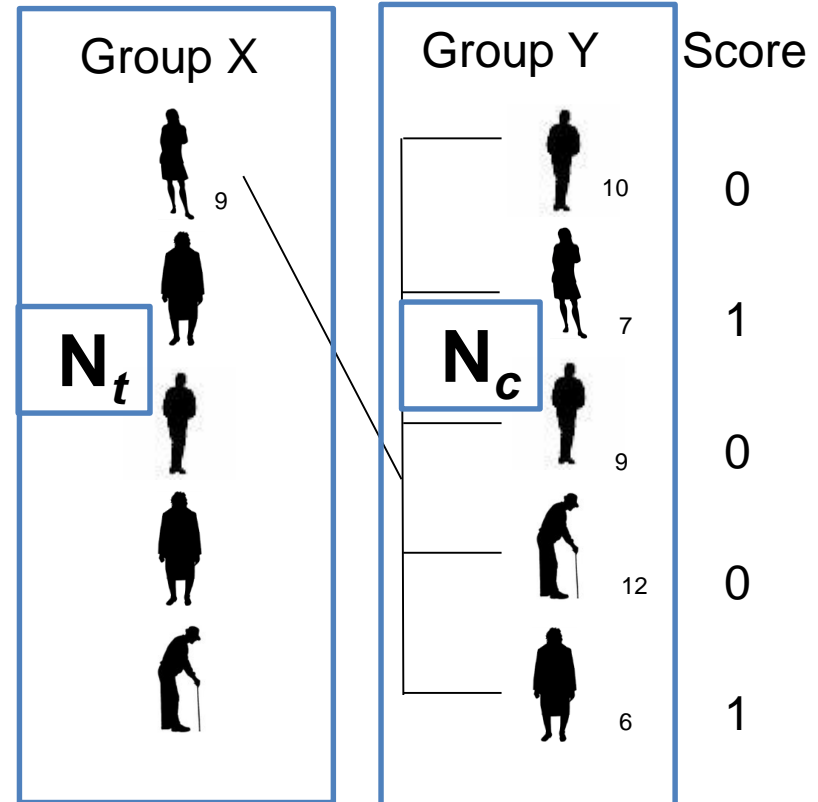
1 if  $Y_i$  wins

0 if tie

**Win Ratio:  $N_t / N_c$**

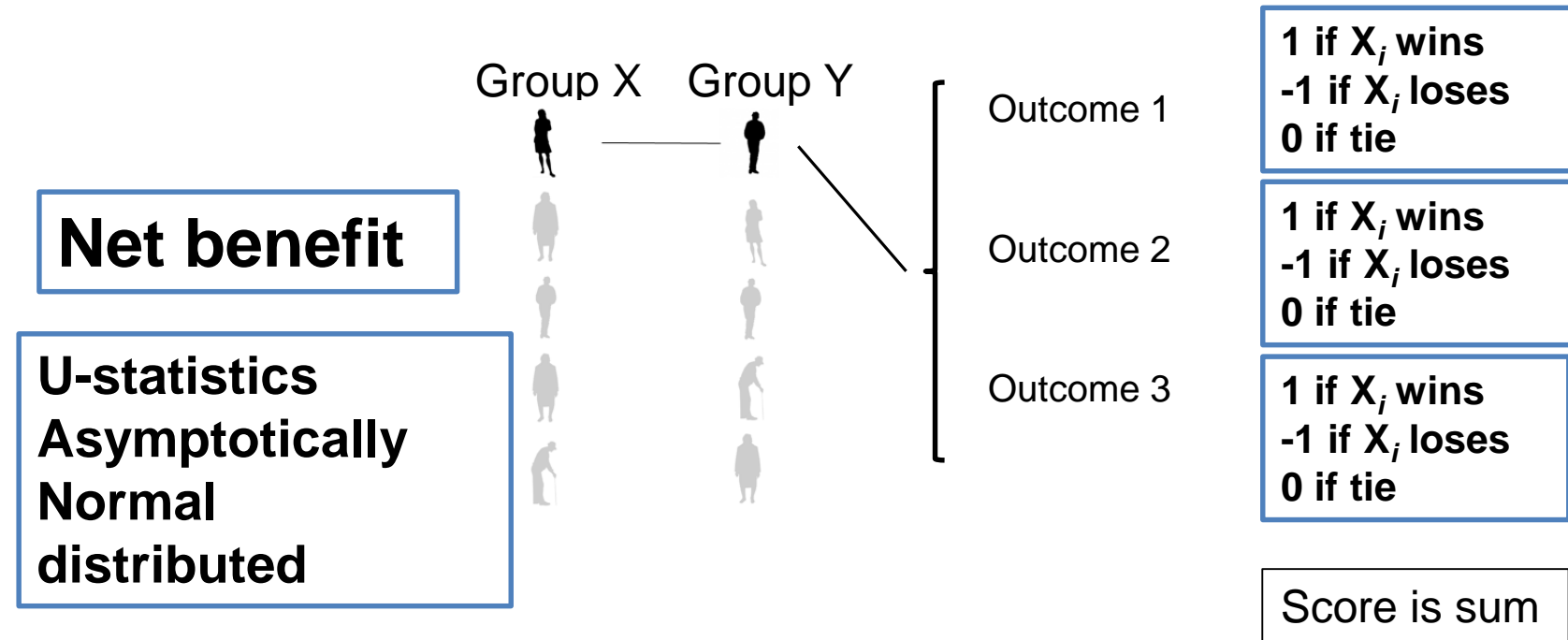
**U-statistic**

**Logarithmic Asymptotically  
Normal distributed**



# Generalization to composite endpoints

## 4. The **Adapted O'Brien test** (non-hierarchical)



# Application to simulations of TAVR UNLOAD study



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# TAVR UNLOAD – Hierarchical endpoint at 1y

Level	Endpoints	Type
1	Time to Death	In days
2	Time and Severity of disabling stroke	Categorical (mRS 2-5)
3	Frequency of hospitalization and number of days hospitalized	Count
4	Effect on KCCQ (=QoL)	Categorical: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• ≥10 points worse</li><li>• 5-9 points worse</li><li>• Equal</li><li>• 5-9 points better</li><li>• ≥10 points better</li></ul>

**Importance** of events are taken into account  
**Multiplicity** is taken into account  
**Severity** of events are taken into account



# Simulations

- Compare power to classic logrank test
- 4 scenario's: null scenario, scenario 1-3
- 1000 simulations
- 10, 20 and 50% equal censoring
- Sample size: 600, 400, 300, 250, 200, 100
- Leave levels of hierarchy out



# Generalized Pairwise comparisons better powered than logrank

Censoring	Scenario 0					Scenario 1					Scenario2					Scenario 3				
	$S_{FS}$	$U_{WR}$	$U_B$	$U_O$	$\chi_L^2$	$S_{FS}$	$U_{WR}$	$U_B$	$U_O$	$\chi_L^2$	$S_{FS}$	$U_{WR}$	$U_B$	$U_O$	$\chi_L^2$	$S_{FS}$	$U_{WR}$	$U_B$	$U_O$	$\chi_L^2$
<b>N=600</b>																				
0%	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.1	4.5	99.9	99.9	99.9	100	75.1	100	100	100	100	53.9	98.6	98.6	98.6	99.8	39.3
20%	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.7	4.9	99.2	99.2	99.2	100	68.1	99.4	99.4	99.4	100	47.6	98.8	98.8	98.7	100	45.3
50%	5.1	5.1	5.0	5.4	4.7	85.3	85.2	85.0	95.8	56.5	80.9	80.8	80.2	91.4	38.1	82.8	82.6	82.6	92.6	39.5
<b>N=400</b>																				
0%	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.7	5.6	99.0	99.0	99.0	99.9	58.9	98.7	98.6	98.6	100	39.3	98.4	98.4	98.4	99.8	37.7
20%	4.4	4.4	4.4	3.9	4.8	94.1	94.0	93.9	99.3	51.1	94.7	94.4	94.4	99.2	33.3	94.9	94.9	94.6	98.3	32.2
50%	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.2	5.3	68.1	67.7	66.8	82.5	38.8	64.8	64.6	63.9	79.7	27.2	62.6	62.7	61.9	76.8	27.2
<b>N=300</b>																				
0%	5.6	5.6	5.6	6.3	5.2	94.7	94.3	94.3	99.1	44.8	95.7	95.7	95.6	99.1	34.4	94.9	94.8	94.8	98.2	30.0
10%	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.6	5.4	92.5	91.8	91.5	98.9	41.4	92.5	92.2	92.2	98.6	26.6	93.0	92.9	92.9	97.3	28.5
20%	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.1	5.4	86.0	85.3	84.9	96.3	38.5	88.6	88.0	87.7	95.8	25.2	86.7	86.0	85.8	95.2	26.3
50%	5.2	5.3	4.9	4.4	6.1	55.9	55.3	54.6	70.8	30.5	53.9	53.6	52.8	66.8	22.4	53.5	53.5	52.5	64.4	20.6
<b>N=250</b>																				
0%	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.6	91.2	91.2	91.0	98.5	40.8	92.1	91.6	91.4	97.7	28.1	91.7	91.4	91.2	97.4	27.3
10%	6.0	6.0	5.5	5.2	5.2	85.7	85.2	84.9	96.7	35.9	87.9	87.6	87.6	95.7	23.8	89.5	89.2	88.7	94.9	24.9
20%	5.0	4.8	4.7	5.6	4.9	79.0	78.6	78.3	91.8	32.9	83.3	82.8	82.3	93.9	24.7	82.8	82.2	81.6	90.7	23.9
<b>N=200</b>																				
0%	3.8	3.8	3.4	3.5	5.0	83.1	82.6	82.1	95.7	31.0	85.7	85.4	85.0	94.5	22.6	85.0	84.8	84.1	93.0	20.8
10%	4.8	4.6	4.6	4.0	5.1	75.3	74.6	74.2	91.1	29.2	79.2	78.5	77.6	90.9	20.7	78.7	78.1	77.6	89.4	19.7
20%	6.4	6.4	5.8	5.0	5.5	69.5	68.9	68.1	86.5	26.1	73.1	72.3	71.8	86.8	21.3	71.3	70.7	70.2	82.5	17.4
<b>N=100</b>																				
0%	6.0	5.9	5.3	5.5	6.3	54.7	53.2	52.2	69.7	17.8	56.0	54.9	52.9	69.0	14.7	57.4	56.2	55.1	68.3	14.0



# Little difference between hierarchical tests

Censoring	Scenario 0					Scenario 1					Scenario2					Scenario 3				
	$S_{FS}$	$U_{WR}$	$U_B$	$U_O$	$\chi_L^2$	$S_{FS}$	$U_{WR}$	$U_B$	$U_O$	$\chi_L^2$	$S_{FS}$	$U_{WR}$	$U_B$	$U_O$	$\chi_L^2$	$S_{FS}$	$U_{WR}$	$U_B$	$U_O$	$\chi_L^2$
<b>N=600</b>																				
0%	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.1	4.5	99.9	99.9	99.9	100	75.1	100	100	100	100	53.9	98.6	98.6	98.6	99.8	39.3
20%	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.7	4.9	99.2	99.2	99.2	100	68.1	99.4	99.4	99.4	100	47.6	98.8	98.8	98.7	100	45.3
50%	5.1	5.1	5.0	5.4	4.7	85.3	85.2	85.0	95.8	56.5	80.9	80.8	80.2	91.4	38.1	82.8	82.6	82.6	92.6	39.5
<b>N=400</b>																				
0%	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.7	5.6	99.0	99.0	99.0	99.9	58.9	98.7	98.6	98.6	100	39.3	98.4	98.4	98.4	99.8	37.7
20%	4.4	4.4	4.4	3.9	4.8	94.1	94.0	93.9	99.3	51.1	94.7	94.4	94.4	99.2	33.3	94.9	94.9	94.6	98.3	32.2
50%	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.2	5.3	68.1	67.7	66.8	82.5	38.8	64.8	64.6	63.9	79.7	27.2	62.6	62.7	61.9	76.8	27.2
<b>N=300</b>																				
0%	5.6	5.6	5.6	6.3	5.2	94.7	94.3	94.3	99.1	44.8	95.7	95.7	95.6	99.1	34.4	94.9	94.8	94.8	98.2	30.0
10%	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.6	5.4	92.5	91.8	91.5	98.9	41.4	92.5	92.2	92.2	98.6	26.6	93.0	92.9	92.9	97.3	28.5
20%	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.1	5.4	86.0	85.3	84.9	96.3	38.5	88.6	88.0	87.7	95.8	25.2	86.7	86.0	85.8	95.2	26.3
50%	5.2	5.3	4.9	4.4	6.1	55.9	55.3	54.6	70.8	30.5	53.9	53.6	52.8	66.8	22.4	53.5	53.5	52.5	64.4	20.6
<b>N=250</b>																				
0%	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.6	91.2	91.2	91.0	98.5	40.8	92.1	91.6	91.4	97.7	28.1	91.7	91.4	91.2	97.4	27.3
10%	6.0	6.0	5.5	5.2	5.2	85.7	85.2	84.9	96.7	35.9	87.9	87.6	87.6	95.7	23.8	89.5	89.2	88.7	94.9	24.9
20%	5.0	4.8	4.7	5.6	4.9	79.0	78.6	78.3	91.8	32.9	83.3	82.8	82.3	93.9	24.7	82.8	82.2	81.6	90.7	23.9
<b>N=200</b>																				
0%	3.8	3.8	3.4	3.5	5.0	83.1	82.6	82.1	95.7	31.0	85.7	85.4	85.0	94.5	22.6	85.0	84.8	84.1	93.0	20.8
10%	4.8	4.6	4.6	4.0	5.1	75.3	74.6	74.2	91.1	29.2	79.2	78.5	77.6	90.9	20.7	78.7	78.1	77.6	89.4	19.7
20%	6.4	6.4	5.8	5.0	5.5	69.5	68.9	68.1	86.5	26.1	73.1	72.3	71.8	86.8	21.3	71.3	70.7	70.2	82.5	17.4
<b>N=100</b>																				
0%	6.0	5.9	5.3	5.5	6.3	54.7	53.2	52.2	69.7	17.8	56.0	54.9	52.9	69.0	14.7	57.4	56.2	55.1	68.3	14.0



# O'Brien better powered than hierarchical

Censoring	Scenario 0					Scenario 1					Scenario2					Scenario 3				
	$S_{FS}$	$U_{WR}$	$U_B$	$U_O$	$\chi_L^2$	$S_{FS}$	$U_{WR}$	$U_B$	$U_O$	$\chi_L^2$	$S_{FS}$	$U_{WR}$	$U_B$	$U_O$	$\chi_L^2$	$S_{FS}$	$U_{WR}$	$U_B$	$U_O$	$\chi_L^2$
<b>N=600</b>																				
0%	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.1	4.5	99.9	99.9	99.9	100	75.1	100	100	100	100	53.9	98.6	98.6	98.6	99.8	39.3
20%	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.7	4.9	99.2	99.2	99.2	100	68.1	99.4	99.4	99.4	100	47.6	98.8	98.8	98.7	100	45.3
50%	5.1	5.1	5.0	5.4	4.7	85.3	85.2	85.0	95.8	56.5	80.9	80.8	80.2	91.4	38.1	82.8	82.6	82.6	92.6	39.5
<b>N=400</b>																				
0%	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.7	5.6	99.0	99.0	99.0	99.9	58.9	98.7	98.6	98.6	100	39.3	98.4	98.4	98.4	99.8	37.7
20%	4.4	4.4	4.4	3.9	4.8	94.1	94.0	93.9	99.3	51.1	94.7	94.4	94.4	99.2	33.3	94.9	94.9	94.6	98.3	32.2
50%	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.2	5.3	68.1	67.7	66.8	82.5	38.8	64.8	64.6	63.9	79.7	27.2	62.6	62.7	61.9	76.8	27.2
<b>N=300</b>																				
0%	5.6	5.6	5.6	6.3	5.2	94.7	94.3	94.3	99.1	44.8	95.7	95.7	95.6	99.1	34.4	94.9	94.8	94.8	98.2	30.0
10%	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.6	5.4	92.5	91.8	91.5	98.9	41.4	92.5	92.2	92.2	98.6	26.6	93.0	92.9	92.9	97.3	28.5
20%	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.1	5.4	86.0	85.3	84.9	96.3	38.5	88.6	88.0	87.7	95.8	25.2	86.7	86.0	85.8	95.2	26.3
50%	5.2	5.3	4.9	4.4	6.1	55.9	55.3	54.6	70.8	30.5	53.9	53.6	52.8	66.8	22.4	53.5	53.5	52.5	64.4	20.6
<b>N=250</b>																				
0%	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.6	91.2	91.2	91.0	98.5	40.8	92.1	91.6	91.4	97.7	28.1	91.7	91.4	91.2	97.4	27.3
10%	6.0	6.0	5.5	5.2	5.2	85.7	85.2	84.9	96.7	35.9	87.9	87.6	87.6	95.7	23.8	89.5	89.2	88.7	94.9	24.9
20%	5.0	4.8	4.7	5.6	4.9	79.0	78.6	78.3	91.8	32.9	83.3	82.8	82.3	93.9	24.7	82.8	82.2	81.6	90.7	23.9
<b>N=200</b>																				
0%	3.8	3.8	3.4	3.5	5.0	83.1	82.6	82.1	95.7	31.0	85.7	85.4	85.0	94.5	22.6	85.0	84.8	84.1	93.0	20.8
10%	4.8	4.6	4.6	4.0	5.1	75.3	74.6	74.2	91.1	29.2	79.2	78.5	77.6	90.9	20.7	78.7	78.1	77.6	89.4	19.7
20%	6.4	6.4	5.8	5.0	5.5	69.5	68.9	68.1	86.5	26.1	73.1	72.3	71.8	86.8	21.3	71.3	70.7	70.2	82.5	17.4
<b>N=100</b>																				
0%	6.0	5.9	5.3	5.5	6.3	54.7	53.2	52.2	69.7	17.8	56.0	54.9	52.9	69.0	14.7	57.4	56.2	55.1	68.3	14.0



# No difference time to first event or time to worst event

Omitted component	Scenario 0				Scenario 1				Scenario 2				Scenario 3			
	$S_{FS}$	$U_{WR}$	$U_B$	$U_O$	$S_{FS}$	$U_{WR}$	$U_B$	$\chi^2_L$	$S_{FS}$	$U_{WR}$	$U_B$	$\chi^2_L$	$S_{FS}$	$U_{WR}$	$U_B$	$\chi^2_L$
<b>N=600</b>																
None	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.1	99.9	99.9	99.9	75.1	100	100	100	53.9	98.6	98.6	98.6	39.3
Stroke	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.4	100	100	100	75.1	100	100	100	53.9	100	100	100	39.3
Hospitalization	4.9	4.9	4.7	4.8	99.9	99.9	99.9	74.1	100	100	100	54.5	99.9	99.9	99.9	100
KCCQ	5.5	5.6	5.5	5.4	68.9	68.9	68.7	74.1	50.3	50.5	49.7	54.5	52.8	52.8	52.5	55.1
Stroke/Hospital	5.3	5.1	5.0	5.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
<b>N=400</b>																
None	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.7	99.0	99.0	99.0	99.9	98.7	98.6	98.6	100	98.4	98.4	98.4	99.8
Death	5.1	5.2	5.0	5.7	99.0	98.8	98.9	100	99.5	99.4	99.4	99.9	99.4	99.4	99.4	100
Stroke	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.3	99.0	99.0	99.0	100	99.5	99.5	99.5	100	99.4	99.4	99.4	100
Hospitalization	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.4	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.9	99.8	99.7	99.7	99.9	99.7	99.7	99.7	99.9
KCCQ	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.1	53.1	53.1	52.4	57.7	36.5	36.6	36.1	40.5	36.5	36.8	35.9	39.6
Stroke/Hospital	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.1	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.7	99.7	99.7	99.7	99.5	99.5	99.5	99.5
<b>N=300</b>																
None	5.6	5.6	5.6	6.3	94.7	94.3	94.3	99.1	95.7	95.7	95.6	99.1	94.9	94.8	94.8	98.2
Death	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.3	96.0	95.9	95.8	99.5	97.5	97.4	97.4	99.8	97.3	97.2	97.1	99.4
Stroke	6.0	6.0	5.9	6.2	96.7	96.5	96.4	99.4	97.6	97.6	97.6	99.7	97.7	97.7	97.6	99.5
Hospitalization	5.4	5.3	5.2	5.2	98.8	98.8	98.7	99.2	98.8	98.8	98.8	99.4	98.6	98.5	98.3	98.9
Stroke/Hospital	6.4	6.4	6.2	6.2	97.7	97.7	97.6	97.6	98.2	98.2	98.2	98.2	98.0	97.9	97.8	97.8
<b>N=200</b>																
None	3.8	3.8	3.4	3.5	83.1	82.6	82.1	95.7	85.7	85.4	85.0	94.5	85.0	84.8	84.1	93.0
Death	6.0	5.9	5.7	4.8	84.8	84.2	83.7	97.0	88.4	88.1	87.8	95.7	86.3	85.4	85.1	93.3
Stroke	5.6	5.5	5.3	6.0	86.1	85.9	85.5	96.8	87.2	87.1	86.8	95.1	87.6	87.4	87.4	95.1
Hospitalization	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.4	91.0	90.6	90.5	94.0	92.0	91.5	91.2	94.0	91.1	91.0	90.4	93.6
Stroke/Hospital	4.9	4.9	4.2	4.2	90.5	90.2	89.5	89.5	91.9	91.8	90.9	90.9	91.1	90.8	90.6	90.6
<b>N=100</b>																
None	6.0	5.9	5.3	5.5	54.7	53.2	52.2	69.7	56.0	54.9	52.9	69.0	57.4	56.2	55.1	68.3
Stroke	4.4	4.3	3.8	3.5	55.6	55.4	54.1	72.6	62.0	61.4	60.0	73.9	63.3	62.6	60.9	72.3
Hospitalization	3.7	3.6	3.3	3.0	64.6	64.3	61.9	67.2	67.4	66.8	65.2	69.8	66.2	65.9	64.1	68.8
Stroke/Hospital	4.0	4.3	3.2	3.2	64.0	63.3	61.6	61.6	65.0	64.7	62.2	62.2	61.1	60.5	58.6	58.6



# If hospitalization is left out, power hierarchical and non-hierarchical test equal

Omitted component	Scenario 0				Scenario 1				Scenario 2				Scenario 3			
	$S_{FS}$	$U_{WR}$	$U_B$	$U_O$	$S_{FS}$	$U_{WR}$	$U_B$	$U_O$	$S_{FS}$	$U_{WR}$	$U_B$	$U_O$	$S_{FS}$	$U_{WR}$	$U_B$	$U_O$
<b>N=600</b>																
None	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.1	99.9	99.9	99.9	100	100	100	100	100	98.6	98.6	98.6	99.8
Stroke	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.4	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Hospitalization	4.9	4.9	4.7	4.8	99.9	99.9	99.9	100	100	100	100	100	99.9	99.9	99.9	100
KCCQ	5.5	5.6	5.5	5.4	68.9	68.9	68.7	74.1	50.3	50.5	49.7	54.5	52.8	52.8	52.5	55.1
Stroke/Hospital	5.3	5.1	5.0	5.0	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
<b>N=400</b>																
None	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.7	99.0	99.0	99.0	99.9	98.7	98.6	98.6	100	98.4	98.4	98.4	99.8
Death	5.1	5.2	5.0	5.7	99.0	98.8	98.9	100	99.5	99.4	99.4	99.9	99.4	99.4	99.4	100
Stroke	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.3	99.0	99.0	99.0	100	99.5	99.5	99.5	100	99.4	99.4	99.4	100
Hospitalization	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.4	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.9	99.8	99.7	99.7	99.9	99.7	99.7	99.7	99.9
KCCQ	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.1	53.1	53.1	52.4	57.7	36.5	36.6	36.1	40.5	36.5	36.8	35.9	39.6
Stroke/Hospital	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.1	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.7	99.7	99.7	99.7	99.5	99.5	99.5	99.5
<b>N=300</b>																
None	5.6	5.6	5.6	6.3	94.7	94.3	94.3	99.1	95.7	95.7	95.6	99.1	94.9	94.8	94.8	98.2
Death	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.3	96.0	95.9	95.8	99.5	97.5	97.4	97.4	99.8	97.3	97.2	97.1	99.4
Stroke	6.0	6.0	5.9	6.2	96.7	96.5	96.4	99.4	97.6	97.6	97.6	99.7	97.7	97.7	97.6	99.5
Hospitalization	5.4	5.3	5.2	5.2	98.8	98.8	98.7	99.2	98.8	98.8	98.8	99.4	98.6	98.5	98.3	98.9
Stroke/Hospital	6.4	6.4	6.2	6.2	97.7	97.7	97.6	97.6	98.2	98.2	98.2	98.2	98.0	97.9	97.8	97.8
<b>N=200</b>																
None	3.8	3.8	3.4	3.5	83.1	82.6	82.1	95.7	85.7	85.4	85.0	94.5	85.0	84.8	84.1	93.0
Death	6.0	5.9	5.7	4.8	84.8	84.2	83.7	97.0	88.4	88.1	87.8	95.7	86.3	85.4	85.1	93.3
Stroke	5.6	5.5	5.3	6.0	86.1	85.9	85.5	96.8	87.2	87.1	86.8	95.1	87.6	87.4	87.4	95.1
Hospitalization	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.4	91.0	90.6	90.5	94.0	92.0	91.5	91.2	94.0	91.1	91.0	90.4	93.6
Stroke/Hospital	4.9	4.9	4.2	4.2	90.5	90.2	89.5	89.5	91.9	91.8	90.9	90.9	91.1	90.8	90.6	90.6
<b>N=100</b>																
None	6.0	5.9	5.3	5.5	54.7	53.2	52.2	69.7	56.0	54.9	52.9	69.0	57.4	56.2	55.1	68.3
Stroke	4.4	4.3	3.8	3.5	55.6	55.4	54.1	72.6	62.0	61.4	60.0	73.9	63.3	62.6	60.9	72.3
Hospitalization	3.7	3.6	3.3	3.0	64.6	64.3	61.9	67.2	67.4	66.8	65.2	69.8	66.2	65.9	64.1	68.8
Stroke/Hospital	4.0	4.3	3.2	3.2	64.0	63.3	61.6	61.6	65.0	64.7	62.2	62.2	61.1	60.5	58.6	58.6



# Conclusions



**UHASSELT**

KNOWLEDGE IN ACTION

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# Conclusions

- Non-parametric Generalized Pairwise Comparison tests allow to take account of **multiplicity, importance and severity** of events
- Multiple **type of events** (time, continuous, count,..) can be combined
- **Time to first** or **time to worst** event analysis is **equal**
- Generalized Pairwise Comparison tests are **better powered** compared to the classical **logrank** time to first event analysis if non time to event data is added
- There is **little difference** in terms of power between the **hierarchical tests**
- The non-hierarchical **adapted O'Brien** test is **better powered** than the hierarchical tests in certain cases



## Further research

- Different **variance** formula's (U-statistics, permutation distribution, non-parametric bootstrap,...)
- Effect of **correlation** between components of composite endpoint
- Effect of non-proportional hazards, unequal sample size, unequal variance, informative censoring
- Effect of **missingness** (completely, partial)



## Further research

- Only one **scoring system** applied, alternatives are:
  - Adaptive scoring or weighting of components
  - Peto-Peto<sup>1</sup>, Tarone-Ware<sup>2</sup>, Efron<sup>3</sup>, Péron<sup>4</sup>
- Compare to **other methods** for composite endpoints:
  - Joint distribution models<sup>5,6</sup> (parametric)
  - Competing risk
  - Negative binomial regression

1. Peto et al. *J Royal Stat Soc* (1972) 135: 185-207

2. Tarone et al. *Biometrika* (1977) 64: 156-160

3. Efron. *Proc 5th Berkeley Symp* (1967) 4: 831-853

4. Péron et al. *Stat Methods in Med Research* doi: 10.1177/0962280216658320

5. Vonesh et al. *Stat in Med* (2006) 25: 143-163

6. Alonso et al. Chapman & Hall/CRC (2017)



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